(a) whether Government have assessed the Integrated Rural Development Programme in Madhya Pradesh;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether any shortcomings in implementation of the programme have been noticed; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and the action Government propose to take to remove those shortcomings?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) to (d) The Concurrent Evaluation Survey of IRDP (IV Round for 1992-93) has been conducted in all states of the country including Madhya Pradesh. The results of this survey show that 36.12% of the beneficiaries assisted under IRDP in Madhya Pradesh were able to cross the poverty line of Rs. 6,400 and 7.66% of the beneficiaries could cross the revised poverty line of Rs.11,000. 57.5% of IRDP beneficiaries in Madhya Pradesh reported no overdues. However, 29.43% of the beneficiaries did not report any increase in the annual family income through IRDP. One of the major weaknesses of the progrmme is that in 52.35% cases aftercare and support by Government for the activities was not given and input facilities were not available in 51% cases in the primary sector. The Ministry has taken several steps to improve the efficacy of IRDP as a means of alleviating poverty. These measures include raising of level of investment per family, higher allocation for infrastructure development input facilities/aftercare support, encouragement to group activities etc. The results of the Concurrent Evaluation Survey have also been circulated to all the State Government for further corrective action.

Drinking Water Schemes in States

1927. SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK: Will the Minister of RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the Centrally sponsored drinking water supply scheme launched in different States during the Eight Five Year Plan;

(b) the funds allocated to different States under those schemes, year-wise;

(c) the number of problem villages identified by the end of the Seventh Five Year Plan in those States and the achievement in providing drinking water, as on date; and

(d) by when every village in the country would be provided with safe drinking water?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL AREAS AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI CHANDRADEO PRASAD VARMA): (a) No Centrally Sponsored Drinking Water Supply Scheme was launched during the Eight Five Year Plan. Centrally Sponsored ARWSP is being implemented in the States/UTs since 1972-73 (except from 1974-75 to 1976-77 when schemes were taken up only under MNP).

(b) The allocation to different States under ARWSP from 1992-93 to 1996-97, year-wise, is given in the Statement-I (see below).

(c) At the end of Seventh Five Year Plan, 8365 identified problem villages, were left over for supply of safe drinking water facilities. As on date 120 Problem Villages remain to be covered in different states as show as in the Statement-II (See below). However a fresh survey was carried out during 1991—94 to assess to Status of drinking water supply situation in the country. Based on this survey as on 31.5.96-74122 habitations are to be provided to with safe drinking water.

(d) All the 'Not Covered' habitations are proposed to be provided safe drinking water facilities by 1997-98 and Partially Covered habitation by the year 2000.

Staement-I

Allocation under ARWSP *(Rs. in Crores)*

States/UTs	(1992-93)	(1993-94)	(1994-95)	(1995-96)	(1996-97)
Andhra Pradesh	25.470	41.240	46.440	60.270	66.180
Arunahcal Pr.	4.620	7.460	8.420	10.920	12.000
Assam	13.700	13.700	14.220	18.450	20.260
Bihar	29.900	48.560	54.690	70.990	77.950
Goa	0.550	0.840	1.290	1.700	1.890
Gujarat	16.330	26.560	30.390	38.500	41.970
Haryana	9.990	16.520	20.080	23.120	24.410
Himachal Pr.	6.420	8.330	9.420	12.150	13.310
J&K	19.160	23.030	25.990	33.620	36.880
Karnataka	23.420	35.120	42.720	55.440	60.870
Kerala	11.910	19.280	21.720	28.190	30.950
Madhya Pr.	28.190	45.640	51.420	66.730	73.270
Maharashtra	33.990	54.880	61.820	80.230	88.100
Manipur	3.080	3.080	3.090	4.010	4.400
Meghalaya	4.200	4.200	4.200	4.300	4.720
Mizoram	1.290	2.100	2.360	3.070	3.370
Nagaland	4.220	4.220	4.220	4.220	4.220
Orissa	13.350	21.600	24.340	31.590	34.680
Punjab	4.240	6.880	7.750	10.060	11.050
Rajasthan	41.830	68.880	82.220	97.390	103.870
Sikkim	3.720	3.720	3.720	3.720	3.720
Tamil Nadu	20.190	32.680	36.820	47.790	52.470
Tripura	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.800	4.180
Uttar Pradesh	47.240	76.480	86.160	111.820	122.780
West Bengal	18.240	29.520	33.260	43.170	47.700
A&N Island	0.400	0.400	0.380	0.440	0.250
D&N Haveli	0.130	0.200	0.220	0.250	0.150
Delhi	0.140	0.220	0.250	0.290	0.300
Laksha Dweep	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.120	0.000
Pondicherry	0.260	0.260	0.260	0.300	0.200
Daman & Diu	0.220	0.950	0.130	0.150	0.100
Total	390.000	600.270	681.600	866.800	945.900

Statement-II

Sl. No.	State	No. of PVS as at the end of VII Plan	Achievement	Balance
1.	Assam	444	441	3
2.	Bihar	44	44	—
3.	Gujarat	99	90	9
4.	Haryana	171	171	—
5.	Himachal Pradesh	1107	1107	—

Sl. No.	State	No. of PVS as the end of VII Plan	Achievement	Balance
6.	Jammu & Kashmir	905	875	30
7.	Kerala	1	1	—
8.	Madhya Pradesh	146	146	—
9.	Maharashtra	98	76	22
10.	Meghalaya	1421	1375	46
11.	Mizoram	68	68	—
12.	Nagaland	26	26	—
13.	Orissa	1320	1320	—
14.	Punjab	948	948	—
15.	Rajasthan	400	390	10
16.	Sikkim	7	7	—
17.	Tamil Nadu	18	18	—
18.	Tripura	130	130	—
19.	Uttar Pradesh	1012	1012	—
	Total	8365	8245	120

Repatriation of Officers on Deputation

1928. SHRI S.M. KRISHNA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of officers have completed their period of deputation in various Ministries/Departments and are due for repatriation to their respective cadres;

(b) if so, the number of such officers belonging to the Central Services viz, IAS, IPS, etc. who are due for repatriation; and

(c) whether Government have taken any steps for their repatriation and to bring other officers on deputation in their place?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS. (SHRI S. R. BALASUBRAMONIYAM) (a) 71 officers belonging to various services, who had been on deputation under the Central Staffing Scheme to various Ministries/Departments under the Government of India have been repatriated to their respective cadres, on completion of their tenures between the period 1st Jan.; 96 to 15th July' 96.

(b) 97 officers belonging to various services, who came on deputation under the Central Staffing Scheme to various Ministries/Departments under the Government of India will be completing their tenures between the period 15th July, '96 to 31st December, 1996.

(c) This is an on-going process and the vacancies are filled up in accordance with the provisions of the Central Staffing Scheme after following the prescribed procedure laid down therein.

Power Generation by National Hydro Electric Power Corporation

1929. DR. D. VENKATESHWAR RAO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Hydro Electric Power Corporation recorded the highest power generation from its five plants in 1995-96;

(b) if so, whether the NHPC exceeds its generation target;